

50:20032 Friedlander, Dov; Goldscheider, Calvin. *Israel's population: the challenge of pluralism.* Population Bulletin, Vol. 39, No. 2, Apr 1984. 41 pp. Population Reference Bureau, Washington, D.C. In Eng.

The relationships among demographic, social, and political processes in Israel since the state's founding in 1948 are examined, and future prospects up to 2015 are considered. Changes in demographic trends among the European-American Jewish, Oriental Jewish, and Israeli Arab populations are described. The political consequences of the fact that Oriental Jews have outnumbered European-American Jews since 1970 are noted. The demographic consequences of annexing the Occupied Areas of the West Bank and Gaza Strip, which would lead to an Arab majority in Israel by 2015, are also considered.

50:20033 Green, Anders; Kromann, Niels. *Fertility and mortality 1950-1974 in the Upernavik district, Greenland.* Scandinavian Journal of Social Medicine, Vol. 11, No. 3, 1983. 69-73 pp. Stockholm, Sweden. In Eng.

Changes in the population of the Spanish region that was formerly the Ancient Kingdom of Leon are examined using data for the twentieth century. Topics discussed include population size, spatial distribution, the movement of population from rural to urban areas, age and sex distribution, the structure of the economically active population, natural increase, and emigration.

50:20036 Kunstadter, Peter. *Highland populations in northern Thailand.* In: Highlanders of Thailand, edited by John McKinnon and Wanat Bhruksasri. 1983. 15-45 pp. Oxford University Press, New York, N.Y./Oxford, England. In Eng.

This paper "considers some implications of the demographic characteristics of the highlanders [of northern Thailand]. It first sketches the characteristics of highland populations: size, language groups, distribution, age-sex structure, dependency ratio, vital rates, Thai language ability and literacy....It then discusses factors affecting migration, mortality, and fertility. Then it considers the relationship between two basic economic types (subsistence farming and cash cropping) and population characteris-

(BDSVR), a project of the Statistics, has developed a reliable current demography describes the field methodology these demographic data and selected findings of the project through 1982." The system of recording approach, which includes recording of vital events by 102 local and quarterly surveys under field enumerators.

"...Preliminary findings in mortality and significant both in urban and rural areas decline in urban areas is significant [in] rural areas, [and an] urban potential seems to have enlarged

50:20040 Rabbani, A. M. Shahadat. *Levels of fertility in a national sample vital registration system, Bangladesh.* Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics, Dhaka, Bangladesh.