What does the word "flammulated" mean? Webster was afraid to put it in his dictionary. Somebody must have seen this little owl and coined a word that applied to him in some way. Flammulated must pertain to "flame" in some way.

In the Dunmer of Reducy time, at moonlight right Tringo up the Doft Tolline ind call of the screech and parents trying to Keets track to their deply children. the late face The cohole framily are around still, and the Callo are melodionis Trippling Resert a an serie continhation of a clear cold moon of poot hights. Wolling is more tolwithing than to six on the terroce looking down the hill of make out digity a puspicious church of blackness on a big fir link Do strain your eyes H hold you

moves even slightly. Then hear that musical Holling of see not hear - a phalow foin the blur on the limb Toofs answer ing chuldes of the zoning in the Costary of Swallerving a Tasty newsel The two shalows hove direly, one flaces silently away again, and the blackbullich (of The fir link goes to sleep till the nest copiese of his med. when older. The outgoingsters mon about non, wasting over the dim dewy lown which is literally Cherforates with meadow Mice Heles, making Frlieve they are hunters like then

Operents. They are not shy maple très over my hear. I turn a flashlight up and See two petrified little forms with round starey eyes. In a farert. Comes affed Plights By the child of there is Jestelie goldlings I There are all the Amale going on 5-lle inight Ch who frever oreeps through the dark Kouse, opens a door Statifily and walks out under the moon of sits down on the terrece wall to watch and listen to what goes on upler the trees on the lawn across if,

never gets a night-thill (9) Thirdroices and movings.

The flammulated screech owl, dwarf screech owl, or least screech owl is the tiniest owl known in this country, and also the least is known about him. That is because he is a bird of dark ways as well as dark nights. He is not anxious to see you, nor be seen by you. In fact, he is a mystery of the owl family. There are so few of them and they are so ghostly about their business that one can hardly get up a warm-hearted interest in them. Or had do we know that there are few of them, or many?

All at once we find that he is a native son of Oregon and good part of his tribe may have been living among us all the time, and may have seen more moons here than the Multnomahs, the Calipooias (?), Wallulas and other early redmen. Both are soft-footed and shadowy. But one was caught in his tricks by that sure-fire bird detective, Stanley Jewett, a few years ago over in the Malheur region. He was as surprised as the bird.

The second record was a surprise also. We were visiting the Supt.
Groege Benson
of Malheur Lake Refuge, two or three years ago and glancing at a small framed
photograph on the wall came face to face with the tintest owl. Mr. Benson
had come upon the little fellow and shot him with his picture gun. A second
time the little fellow had been careless and the evidence collected.

The first specimen of this owl was taken by Lieut. Feilner of the Smithsonian Institution at Fort Crook in California in 1860. Not until 1885 was the second California record obtained by Frank Stephens in the foothills of the San Bernardino Mts. Since then a number of records have been made in this state. On June 4, 1894, M. French Gilman took a set of two eggs of the bird at an elevation of 7500 feet on the slopes of San Gorgonio Peak and it is likely that this secretive little owl is more numerous than is known in the higher California regions.

The flammulated owl has been found nesting in the mountainous regions of Colorado and Arizona, and several sets of eggs collected. The timest owl follows the customs of nesting of his cousin, another tiny owl, the elementary owl. The Arizona owl, the elf owl. The first is termed as sparrow size, the second hardly larger than a warbler. So far as is known

This midget owl has a pretty big name attached to him, flammulated meaning tawny. There are also a gray phase and a red phase, the first dwindling almost entirely into grayish, the second flushing into cinpamon-rufous.on face and breast. The The general tone of the upper parts is a weathered woodwhitish brown produced by finely mottled by mattled and dusky. Under parts lighter, whiter or pale ashy, and all marked with according to one observer with "crawling insect" stripes and bars. He is sparrow size but chunkier, his horns scarcely visible, and has V-shaped rufous bars on back. His general range is from the mountains of western North America from southern British Columbia to Gautemala. There is also a gray phase and a red phase in this owl's family tree, the first dwindling almost entirely into grayisg, the second one flushing into cinnamon-rufous on face and breast.